

ModuMath Basic Math

Basic Math 1.1 - Naming Whole Numbers

- 1) Read whole numbers.
- 2) Write whole numbers in words.
- 3) Change whole numbers stated in words into decimal numeral form.
- 4) Write numerals in expanded notation.
- 5) State the number represented by each digit in a decimal numeral.

Basic Math 1.2 - The Number Line

- 1) Construct a number line.
- 2) Graph whole numbers on a number line.
- 3) Find the coordinate of a point on a number line.
- 4) Decide which of two points represents the smaller (or larger) whole number.
- 5) Use the $<$ and $>$ symbols to compare whole numbers.

Basic Math 1.3 - Addition of Whole Numbers, Part I

- 1) State the 100 addition facts from memory.
- 2) Interpret addition of whole numbers on the number line.
- 3) Recognize and use the identity for addition.
- 4) Recognize and solve word problems involving addition of small whole numbers.

Basic Math 1.4 - Addition of Whole Numbers, Part II

- 1) Find the sum of two or more whole numbers.
- 2) Solve practical problems using addition.

Basic Math 1.5 - Subtracting Whole Numbers

- 1) State from memory the hundred subtraction facts.
- 2) Subtract whole numbers, providing the first is greater than or equal to the second.
- 3) Check a subtraction problem by addition.
- 4) Solve word problems involving subtraction.

Basic Math 1.6 - Multiplying Whole Numbers, Part I

- 1) Use multiplication as a shortcut for addition.
- 2) Interpret multiplication on the number line.
- 3) Show multiplication facts as arrays.
- 4) Use multiplication to find areas.
- 5) Use multiplication to figure out combinations.
- 6) Multiply by zero.
- 7) Recognize and use the identity for multiplication.

Basic Math 1.7 - Multiplying Whole Numbers, Part II

- 1) State the 100 multiplication facts from memory.
- 2) Solve word problems involving multiplication of small whole numbers.

Basic Math 1.8 - Multiplying Whole Numbers, Part III

- 1) Multiply any two whole numbers.
- 2) Solve word problems involving multiplication.

Basic Math 1.9 - Exponents

- 1) Read expressions involving exponents.
- 2) Multiply two or more expressions with the same base by adding exponents.
- 3) Recognize and work with expressions having exponents equal to zero.
- 4) Write whole numbers in exponential notation.

Basic Math 1.10 - Dividing Whole Numbers, Part I

- 1) State the ninety basic division facts from memory.
- 2) Solve simple word problems involving division.
- 3) Use multiplication to check division.

Basic Math 1.11 - Dividing Whole Numbers, Part II

- 1) Divide any whole number by any other.
- 2) Solve word problems involving division.
- 3) Use multiplication to check division.

Basic Math 1.12 - Word Problems

- 1) Express word problems as number sentences.
- 2) Solve word problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of whole numbers.

Basic Math 1.13 - Solving Equations

- 1) Solve simple equations.
- 2) Solve word problems involving simple questions.

Basic Math 1.14 - Prime Numbers

- 1) Determine whether a given whole number greater than 1 is prime or composite.
- 2) Use the Sieve of Eratosthenes.
- 3) Determine the prime factorization of a given whole number.

Basic Math 2.1 - Introducing Fractions

- 1) Use fractions in comparing two quantities.
- 2) Use fractions in expressing division.
- 3) Use fractions in measurement.
- 4) Locate fractions on the number line.
- 5) Recognize and use fractions with a denominator of 1.
- 6) Divide whole numbers, expressing the quotient as a fraction or as a whole number plus a fraction.

Basic Math 2.2 - Renaming Fractions

- 1) Express fractions in higher or lower terms.
- 2) Reduce fractions to lowest terms.
- 3) Recognize and use fractions equal to 1.
- 4) Recognize and use fractions equal to 0.

Basic Math 2.3 - Adding Fractions with the Same Denominator

- 1) Add two or more fractions with the same denominator.
- 2) Change a mixed number to an improper fraction.

- 3) Change an improper fraction to a mixed number.
- 4) Add combinations of mixed numbers, fractions, and whole numbers, provided all the denominators are the same.

Basic Math 2.4 - Adding Fractions with Different Denominators

- 1) Find a common denominator of two or more fractions.
- 2) Find the least common denominator of two or more fractions.
- 3) Add two or more fractions with different denominators.

Basic Math 2.5 - Subtracting Fractions

- 1) Indicate the larger of two fractions.
- 2) Subtract fractions.
- 3) Subtract mixed numbers.
- 4) Subtract a fraction or mixed number from a whole number.
- 5) Subtract a whole number from a mixed number.

Basic Math 2.6 - Multiplying Fractions

- 1) Multiply a fraction or mixed number and a whole number.
- 2) Multiply any combination of fractions and mixed numbers.
- 3) Solve word problems involving multiplication of fractions.

Basic Math 2.7 - Dividing Fractions

- 1) Divide a fraction by a mixed number, a whole number, or another fraction.
- 2) Divide a mixed number by a fraction, a whole number, or another mixed number.
- 3) Divide a whole number by a fraction or a mixed number.
- 4) Solve word problems involving division of fractions.

Basic Math 2.8 - Ratio and Proportion

- 1) Determine whether two ratios are equal.
- 2) Solve word problems involving proportions.

Basic Math 3.1 - Understanding Decimal Fractions

- 1) Write decimals in expanded notation.
- 2) Read decimals.
- 3) Change decimals to fractions.
- 4) Change a fraction to a decimal, provided the denominator is a power of ten.
- 5) Recognize the meaning of zeros to the right of a decimal point.

Basic Math 3.2 - Adding and Subtracting Decimal Fractions

- 1) Determine which is the larger or smaller of two decimals.
- 2) Add two or more decimals.
- 3) Subtract decimals.
- 4) Solve word problems involving addition and subtraction of decimals.

Basic Math 3.3 - Rounding Numbers

- 1) Round a number to a given decimal place.

Basic Math 3.4 - Multiplying Decimals

- 1) Multiply decimals.
- 2) Solve word problems involving multiplication of decimals.

Basic Math 3.5 - Dividing Decimal Fractions

- 1) Divide a decimal by a whole number.
- 2) Divide a whole number by a decimal.
- 3) Divide a decimal by another decimal.
- 4) Divide accurately to a given number of decimal places.
- 5) Solve word problems involving division of decimals.

Basic Math 3.6 - Changing Fractions to Decimals

- 1) Change a fraction or mixed number to a decimal.
- 2) Change a decimal to a fraction or mixed number.

Basic Math 3.7 - Square Roots

- 1) Use a table to find square roots of whole numbers from 1 to 100.
- 2) Recognize and use the fact that if a and b are any numbers, then the square root of a times b is the same as the square root of a times the square root of b .

Basic Math 4.1 - Percent

- 1) Change fractions and decimals to percents.
- 2) Change percents to fractions and decimals.

Basic Math 4.2 - Percent in Word Problems

- 1) Solve word problems involving percents by using proportions.

Basic Math 4.3 - More Problems in Percent

- 1) Solve more complicated word problems involving percents.

Basic Math 5.1 - Signed Numbers

- 1) Graph positive and negative numbers on the number line.
- 2) Decide which is the larger (or smaller) of two given signed numbers.
- 3) Find the absolute value of any given number.

Basic Math 5.2 - Adding Signed Numbers

- 1) Add two or more signed numbers.
- 2) Solve word problems involving addition of signed numbers.

Basic Math 5.3 - Subtracting Signed Numbers

- 1) Subtract any two signed numbers.

Basic Math 5.4 - Multiplying Signed Numbers

- 1) Multiply two or more signed numbers.

Basic Math 5.5 - Dividing Signed Numbers

- 1) Divide a given signed number by another signed number.

Basic Math 5.6 - Signed Fractions

- 1) Recognize when signed fractions are equal.
- 2) Add signed fractions.
- 3) Subtract signed fractions.
- 4) Multiply signed fractions.
- 5) Divide signed fractions.
- 6) Solve equations involving signed fractions.

Basic Math 5.7 - Negative Exponents

- 1) Recognize the meaning of expressions such as 6^{-4} .
- 2) Divide two expressions involving exponents when the base are the same.
- 3) Write numbers in exponential notation using positive and negative exponents.

Basic Math 6.1 - Measurement and Unit Conversion

- 1) State the unit equivalences for time.
- 2) Write unit equivalences as conversion factors.
- 3) Change a denominate number from one unit of time to another using one conversion factor.
- 4) Change a denominate number from one unit of time to another using two conversion factors.
- 5) Solve time problems using unit cancellation.

Basic Math 6.2 - The Metric System

- 1) Identify the common metric units of measurement for length, mass/weight, and fluid volume.
- 2) State numeric equivalents of metric prefixes in both decimal and fraction form.
- 3) Convert between metric units by cancellation and by moving decimals.

Basic Math 6.3 - Length

- 1) State the equivalences for U.S. Customary units of length.
- 2) Convert between units of length in the U.S. Customary system.
- 3) Convert between U.S. Customary lengths and metric length by using unit cancellation, and by moving decimals.
- 4) Solve practical problems with units of length.

Basic Math 6.4 - Perimeter

- 1) Find the perimeter of irregular polygons.
- 2) Use formulas to find the perimeter of rectangles and equilateral polygons.
- 3) Find the length or width of a rectangle when the perimeter and the measure of one side is given.
- 4) Use a formula to find the circumference of a circle and the length of a semicircle.
- 5) Find the diameter or radius of a circle when the circumference is given.

Basic Math 6.5 - Area and Volume

- 1) Use area formulas to find the number of square units in rectangles, parallelograms, triangles and circles.
- 2) Use volume formulas to find the number of cubic units in rectangular solids and cylinders.

- 3) Solve practical problems involving area and volume.

Basic Math 6.6 - Fluid Volume

- 1) State the relationship between the U.S. units of fluid measure.
- 2) Convert between units of measure in the U.S. system.
- 3) Convert between U.S. and metric for fluid volume.
- 4) Use unit conversion factors for fluid volume to solve problems.
- 5) Convert between fluid volume and cubic measurement of volume.

Basic Math 6.7 - Weight and Temperature

- 1) State the relationship between the U.S. units of weight.
- 2) Convert between units of weight in the U.S. system.
- 3) State the relationship between metric units of mass.
- 4) Convert between U.S. and metric units for weight/mass.
- 5) Convert degrees of temperature from Fahrenheit to Celsius, and from Celsius to Fahrenheit.

Basic Math 6.8 - Compound Denominate Numbers

- 1) Add and subtract compound denominate numbers with units of length, time and weight.
- 2) Multiply and divide compound denominate numbers.
- 3) Convert compound units in rate problems.

Basic Math 6.9 - Angles, Arcs and Sectors

- 1) Identify an angle as acute, obtuse, right or straight.
- 2) Compute the complement and supplement of an angle.
- 3) Identify pairs of angles as adjacent, vertical, alternate interior or corresponding.
- 4) Find the length of an arc.
- 5) Find the area of a sector.

Basic Math 6.10 - Triangles

- 1) Identify scalene, equilateral, isosceles and right triangles.
- 2) Apply the properties of triangles to find the measure of unknown angles.
- 3) Use the Pythagorean Theorem to find the length of one side of a right triangle when two sides are given.
- 4) Solve practical problems using the properties of triangles.

Basic Math 6.11 - Interpreting Graphs

- 1) Read and interpret data from circle graphs, bar graphs and broken line graphs.
- 2) Find the amount that is represented by a sector of a circle graph when the percent is given.
- 3) Accurately interpret the scales on the vertical and horizontal axes of bar graphs and line graphs.
- 4) Recognize distortions in bar graphs and broken line graphs.
- 5) Use graphs to draw conclusions about data.

Basic Math 6.12 - Mean, Median and Mode

- 1) Find the mean, median and mode from a set of data.
- 2) Find a missing number in a set of data when the mean is known
- 3) Recognize how an outlier may affect the value of the mean.

- 4) Analyze which measure of central tendency is appropriate to describe a given set of data.
- 5) Explain how different measures of central tendency can be used to draw different conclusions about a given set of data.